[~112H5839]

(Original Signature of Member)

113TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION



To amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to provide a credit for owning certain disaster resilient property.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. DIAZ-BALART introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on _____

A BILL

To amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to provide a credit for owning certain disaster resilient property.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

4 This Act may be cited as the "Disaster Savings and

5 Resilient Construction Act of 2013".

6 SEC. 2. DISASTER RESILIENT PROPERTY TAX CREDIT.

7 (a) IN GENERAL.—Subpart D of part IV of sub-8 chapter A of chapter 1 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1 1986 is amended by inserting after section 30D the fol-2 lowing new section:

3 "SEC. 30E. DISASTER RESILIENT PROPERTY.

4 "(a) GENERAL RULE.—There shall be allowed as a
5 credit against the tax imposed by this chapter for the tax6 able year an amount equal to the applicable amount for
7 each qualified building placed in service during the taxable
8 year.

9 "(b) APPLICABLE AMOUNT.—For purposes of sub-10 section (a)—

11 "(1) COMMERCIAL PROPERTY.—In the case of a
12 qualified commercial property, the applicable amount
13 is the lesser of—

14 "(A) 1 percent of the cost of the building,15 or

16 "(B) \$25,000 per building.

17 "(2) RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY.—In the case of
18 a qualified residential property, the applicable
19 amount is the lesser of—

20 "(A) 1 percent of the cost of the property
21 (or construction cost for rehabilitation of the
22 property), or

23 "(B) \$3,000 per property.

24 "(c) QUALIFIED BUILDING.—For purposes of sub25 section (a)—

1	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The term 'qualified build-
2	ing' means a building—
3	"(A) owned by the taxpayer in a disaster
4	area determined as a result of a federally de-
5	clared major disaster,
6	"(B) the construction of which began after
7	the date of such disaster in that area,
8	"(C) which—
9	"(i) is qualified commercial property
10	placed in service for commercial purposes,
11	or
12	"(ii) is qualified residential property is
13	placed in service for residential purposes,
14	and
15	"(D) for which a certificate of occupancy is
16	issued before the end of the 3-year period be-
17	ginning on the date of such disaster declaration
18	in that area.
19	"(2) Qualified commercial property.—The
20	term 'qualified commercial property' means a build-
21	ing that is—
22	"(A) located in the United States,
23	"(B) defined in the scope of the 2009 or
24	later International Building Code published by
25	the International Code Council, and

1	"(C) designed and constructed to meet re-
2	silient construction requirements.
3	"(3) QUALIFIED RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY.—
4	The term 'qualified residential property' means a
5	building that is—
6	"(A) located in the United States,
7	"(B) defined in the scope of the 2009 or
8	later International Residential Code published
9	by the International Code Council, and
10	"(C) designed and constructed to meet re-
11	silient construction requirements.
12	"(d) Resilient Construction Requirements.—
13	For purposes of this section—
14	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The resilient construction
15	requirements with respect to a property are that the
16	property is designed and constructed to—
17	"(A) regist hazarda brought on by a major
	"(A) resist hazards brought on by a major
18	disaster and continues to provide its primary
18 19	
	disaster and continues to provide its primary
19	disaster and continues to provide its primary functions after a major disaster,
19 20	disaster and continues to provide its primary functions after a major disaster, "(B) reduce the magnitude or duration of
19 20 21	disaster and continues to provide its primary functions after a major disaster, "(B) reduce the magnitude or duration of a disruptive event, and

1	"(2) TREATED AS MEETING RESILIENCY RE-
2	QUIREMENTS.—For purposes of paragraph (1)—
3	"(A) in the case of a qualified commercial
4	property, the property shall be treated as meet-
5	ing the requirements specified in paragraph (1)
6	if the property is a building which—
7	"(i) was designed to meet the require-
8	ments of the 2009 or later International
9	Building Code published by the Inter-
10	national Code Council and received the In-
11	surance Institute for Business and Home
12	Safety FORTIFIED for Safer Business
13	designation, or
14	"(ii) was designed and built in a juris-
15	diction that requires commercial buildings
16	to meet the requirements of the 2009 or
17	later International Building Code pub-
18	lished by the International Code Council
19	with amendments that are equivalent or
20	more restrictive than the requirements de-
21	scribed in FORTIFIED for Safer Business
22	Standards published by the Insurance In-
23	stitute for Business and Home Safety and
24	received a certificate of occupancy (or
25	other documentation stating that it has

1	met the requirements of the building code)
2	from the jurisdiction, and
3	"(B) in the case of a qualified residential
4	property, the property shall be treated as meet-
5	ing the requirements specified in paragraph (1)
6	if the property is a building which was designed
7	to meet the requirements of the 2009 or later
8	International Residential Code published by the
9	International Code Council, and meets one of
10	the following requirements:
11	"(i) The building received the Insur-
12	ance Institute for Business and Home
13	Safety as FORTIFIED for Safer Living
14	designation.
15	"(ii) The building received the Insur-
16	ance Institute for Business and Home
17	Safety as FORTIFIED for Existing
18	Homes designation, silver level.
19	"(iii) It was designed and built in a
20	jurisdiction that requires residential build-
21	ings to meet the requirements of the 2009
22	or later International Building Code pub-
23	lished by the International Code Council
24	with amendments that are equivalent or
25	more restrictive than the requirements de-

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1	scribed in FORTIFIED for Safer Living
2	Builders Guide published by the Insurance
3	Institute for Business and Home Safety
4	and received a certificate of occupancy (or
5	other documentation stating that it has
6	met the requirements of the building code)
7	from the jurisdiction.
8	"(3) Absorptive capacity.—The term 'ab-
9	sorptive capacity' means the ability of the construc-
10	tion to endure a disruption without significant devi-
11	ation from normal operating performance.
12	"(4) Adaptive capacity.—The term 'adaptive
13	capacity' means the ability of the construction to
14	adapt to a drastic change in normal operating condi-
15	tions.
16	"(5) RECOVERABILITY.—The term
17	'recoverability' means the ability of the construction
18	to recover quickly, and at low cost, from potentially
19	disruptive events.
20	"(e) Other Definitions.—For purposes of this
21	section—
22	"(1) CONSTRUCTION.—The term 'construction'
23	includes new construction and reconstruction and re-
24	habilitation that meets resilient construction require-
25	ments.

1 (2)FEDERALLY DECLARED MAJOR DIS-2 ASTER.—The term 'federally declared major dis-3 aster' means a disaster subsequently determined by 4 the President of the United States to be a 'major 5 disaster' that warrants assistance by the Federal 6 Government under the Robert T. Stafford Disaster 7 Relief and Emergency Assistance Act.

8 "(3) DISASTER AREA.—The term 'disaster area'
9 means the area so determined to warrant such as10 sistance.

11 "(f) Application With Other Credits.—

12 "(1) BUSINESS CREDIT TREATED AS PART OF 13 GENERAL BUSINESS CREDIT.—So much of the credit 14 which would be allowed under subsection (a) for any 15 taxable year (determined without regard to this sub-16 section) that is attributable to property of a char-17 acter subject to an allowance for depreciation shall 18 be treated as a credit listed in section 38(b) for such 19 taxable year (and not allowed under subsection (a)). 20 "(2) PERSONAL CREDIT.—For purposes of this 21 title, the credit allowed under subsection (a) for any 22 taxable year (determined after application of para-

22 under subpart A for such taxable year.

"(g) BASIS REDUCTION.—For purposes of this sub title, the basis of any property for which a credit is allow able under subsection (a) shall be reduced by the amount
 of such credit so allowed.

5 "(h) TERMINATION.—This section shall not apply to
6 any property for which a certificate for occupancy is issued
7 after December 31, 2017.".

8 (b) CREDIT MADE PART OF GENERAL BUSINESS 9 CREDIT.—Section 38(b) of such Code, as amended by this 10 Act, is amended by striking "plus" at the end of para-11 graph (35), by striking the period at the end of paragraph 12 (36) and inserting ", plus", and by adding at the end the 13 following new paragraph:

14 "(37) the portion of the disaster resilient prop15 erty credit to which section 30E(f)(1) applies.".

16 (c) BASIS ADJUSTMENT.—Subsection (a) of section 17 1016 is amended by striking "and" at the end of para-18 graph (30), by striking the period at the end of paragraph 19 (31) and inserting a comma, by striking "and" at the end 20 of paragraph (36), by striking the period at the end of 21 paragraph (37) and inserting ", and", and by adding at 22 the end the following new paragraph:

23 "(38) to the extent provided in section 30E(g),
24 in the case of amounts with respect to which a credit
25 has been allowed under section 30E.".

 (d) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections
 for subpart B of part IV of subchapter A of chapter 1
 of such Code is amended by inserting after the item relat ing to section 30D the following new item: "Sec. 30E. Disaster resilient property.".

5 (e) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by
6 this section shall apply to property for which a certificate
7 for occupancy is issued after the date of the enactment
8 of this Act.